

In the Claims:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for maximizing group membership comprising:

updating a connectivity count of each vertex in a graph after removing one vertex from said graph, wherein each vertex represents a single hardware component ~~item in a multiple item set~~, and wherein the connectivity count of a vertex is a number of neighbors connected to the vertex;

placing vertices in decreasing order of connectivity based upon said calculated connectivity count of each vertex in said graph;

~~selecting each vertex with a connectivity count less than a maximum connectivity count;~~

selecting a vertex with a least sum of connectivity counts of all neighboring vertices from among all vertices having a least connectivity count;

removing ~~each~~ said selected vertex from the graph; and

returning a grouping of interconnected vertices ~~and~~ forming a clique in response to said connectivity count of a least connected vertex becoming equal to ~~the~~ a number of remaining vertices in the graph, wherein each vertex in said grouping is connected to each other vertex in said grouping.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising updating said connectivity count for all remaining vertices in said graph following removal of a single vertex from said graph.

3. Cancel

4. Cancel

5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein said vertex is selected from a group consisting of: a computing node, components on a circuit board, division of points in a pattern,

and partitions of items.

6. Cancel

7. (Currently Amended) A system to determine a maximum group membership comprising:

a graph with at least two vertices;

a counter to calculate a connectivity count for each vertex in the graph, wherein each vertex represents a single hardware component, wherein the connectivity count of a vertex is a number of neighbors connected to the vertex;

a placement of each vertex in descending order of connectivity based on said calculated connectivity count;

a selection of a vertex with a least sum of connectivity counts of all neighboring vertices from among all vertex with a least connectivity count;

~~each vertex in the placement with a connectivity count less than a maximum connectivity count removed from the graph; and~~

a removal of said selected vertex from the graph; and

a clique of interconnected vertices formed in response to the connectivity count of a least connected vertex being equal to a number of remaining vertices in the graph, wherein each vertex in the clique is connected to each other vertex in the clique.

8. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 7, further comprising an update of connectivity for each of said vertices subsequent to said removal of a vertex from said graph.

9. (Currently Amended) The system of claim 7, wherein removal of a vertex from said graph with said connectivity count ~~less than said maximum connectivity count in said graph~~ is continuous until said connectivity count of a least connected vertex is equal to a number of remaining vertices in the graph ~~said maximum connectivity count~~.

10. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 7, wherein said vertex is selected from a group consisting of: a computing node, components on a circuit board, division of points in a pattern,

and partitions of items.

11. Cancel

12. (Currently Amended) An article comprising:

a computer-readable recordable data storage medium;

means in the medium for updating a connectivity for each vertex in a graph, wherein each vertex represents a single wherein each vertex represents a single hardware component ~~item in a multiple item set~~, and the connectivity count of a vertex is a number of neighbors connected to the vertex;

means in the medium for placing vertices in decreasing order of connectivity based upon said calculated connectivity count of each vertex in said graph;

~~means in the medium for selecting each vertex with a connectivity count less than a maximum connectivity count;~~

means in the medium for selecting a vertex with a least sum of connectivity counts of all neighboring vertices from among all vertices having a least connectivity count;

means in the medium for removing ~~each~~ said selected vertex from the graph; and

a clique of interconnected vertices formed in response to the connectivity count of a least connected vertex being equal to a number of remaining vertices in the graph, wherein each vertex in the clique is connected to each other vertex in the clique.

13. Cancel

14. (Currently Amended) The article of claim 12, wherein said means for removing a least

connected vertex for removal from a clique in said graph includes comparing a connectivity count of said least connected vertex with a number of remaining vertices in the graph ~~said~~

~~maximum connectivity count obtained from placing vertexes of a graph in descending order.~~

15. (Original) The article of claim 12, further comprising means in the medium for updating connectivity for each remaining vertex in said graph subsequent to removal of said least

connected vertex.

16. (Previously Presented) The article of claim 12, wherein said vertex is selected from a group consisting of: a computing node, components on a circuit board, division of points in a pattern, and partitions of items.

17. Cancel

18. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of removing each selected vertex from the graph is continuous until the connectivity count of a least connected vertex is equal to a number of remaining vertices in the graph ~~the maximum connectivity count~~.

19. (New) The method of claim 1, further comprising noting a removed vertex with a connectivity count equaling zero together with all vertices removed in previous iterations which connectivity count at the time of removing was one greater than a connectivity count of a vertex removed in the previous iteration, said noted vertices forming a clique, with the number of vertices in said clique being noted.

20. (New) The method of claim 19, further comprising determining a maximum clique in said graph by comparing the number of vertices in said noted cliques.